SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY
MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY
COUNTY OF MORRIS
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

# SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



### **Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority**

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March 27, 2015

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority Cedar Knolls, NJ 07927

#### Dear Authority Members:

The annual financial report of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority (The "Authority") for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Authority. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Authority. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Authority's financial activities have been included.

The annual financial report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, *Government Auditing Standards* section and comments and recommendations. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the Authority's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the financial statements as well as the auditors' report thereon. Information related to *Government Auditing Standards* section, including the auditors' report on internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and findings are included in the *Government Auditing Standards* section of this report.

#### REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES:

The Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority is a public body corporate and politic of the State of New Jersey and was created by parallel ordinances adopted by the governing bodies, effective in December 1976, of the Township of Hanover, the Township of Morris, the Borough of Morris Plains and the Town of Morristown ("the creating municipalities").

The Authority was created for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, maintaining, operating and improving the water supply and distribution system previously owned and operated by the Town of Morristown.

The ordinances creating the Authority provide that the Authority shall consist of eight members, two of whom shall be appointed by each of the governing bodies of the creating municipalities.

All bond proceeds, revenue or other cash receipts must be applied for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the Bond resolution dated September 5, 1991 and amended and restated in its entirety by the Authority on June 21, 2001 and September 2, 2010, as more fully described in Note 5.

As a public body under existing statute, the Authority is exempt from both federal and state taxes.

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority Page 2
March 27, 2015

#### REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES: (Cont'd)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Section 2100, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity" establishes standards to determine whether a governmental component unit should be included in the financial reporting entity. The basic criterion for inclusion or exclusion from the financial reporting entity is the exercise of oversight responsibility over agencies, boards and commissions by the primary government. The exercise of oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency and a resulting benefit or burden, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

<u>CASH MANAGEMENT</u>: The investment policy of the Authority is guided in large part by state statute as detailed in "Notes to Financial Statements", Note 6. The Authority has adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Governmental Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. The law requires governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the Act.

<u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>: The Authority carries various forms of insurance, including but not limited to general liability, excess liability, automobile liability and comprehensive/collision, hazard and theft insurance on property, contents, and fidelity bonds which are described in the "Notes to Financial Statements", Note 7.

#### OTHER INFORMATION:

Independent Audit - State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or registered municipal accountants. The accounting firm of Nisivoccia, LLP, CPAs, was selected by the Authority. The auditors' report on the financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:**

We would like to express our appreciation to the members of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the citizens of the participating municipalities and thereby contributing their full support to the development and maintenance of our financial operation. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of our financial and accounting staff.

Respectfully submitted,

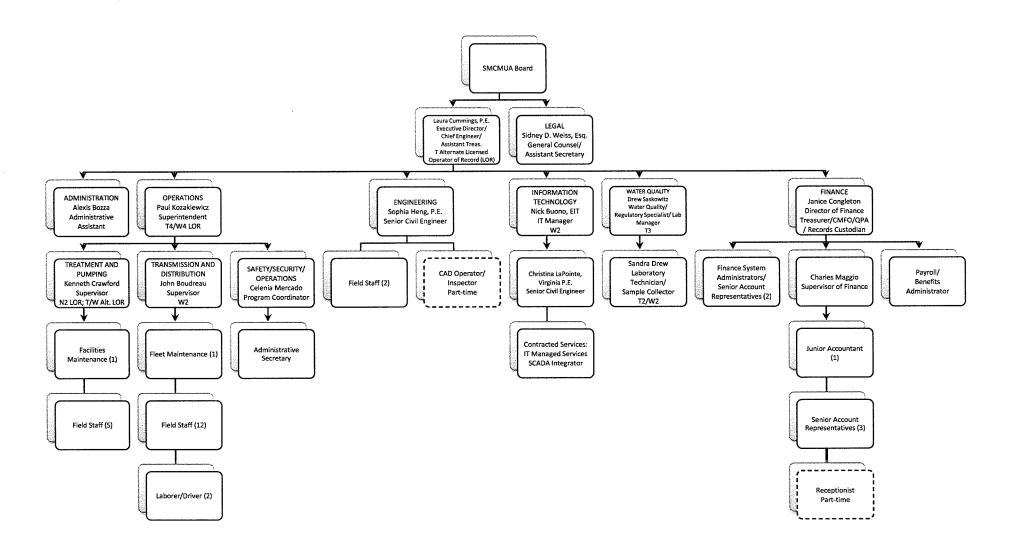
Laura Cummings

Executive Director/Chief Engineer

anice A. Congleton

Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer

#### **SMCMUA Organizational Chart**



# SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY ROSTER OF OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2014

<u>Commissioners</u> <u>Position</u>

William Conradi Chairperson

Dennis Baldassari Vice Chairperson (from 11/13/14)

Board Member (to 11/13/14)

Edward A. Taratko, Jr. Vice Chairperson (to 07/29/14)

Saverio C. Iannaccone Secretary

Dennis Baldassari Board Member

Robert Carroll Board Member

Mary E. Dougherty Board Member

Alan Johnson Board Member (from 11/13/14)

Donald Kissil Board Member

Adolf Schimpf Board Member

Other Officials

Laura Cummings, P.E. Executive Director/Chief Engineer/

Assistant Treasurer

Janice A. Congleton Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer

Paul Kozakiewicz Superintendent

Sidney D. Weiss, Esquire General Counsel/Assistant Secretary

### SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

#### **AUDIT FIRM**

Nisivoccia, LLP 200 Valley Road, Suite 300 Mt. Arlington, New Jersey 07856

#### **ATTORNEY**

Sydney D. Weiss, Esquire 84 Washington Avenue Morristown, NJ 07960

#### **CONSULTING ENGINEER**

Hatch Mott McDonald Metropark, 111 Wood Avenue South Iselin, New Jersey 08830

**INSURANCE AGENT** 

Willis of New Jersey 1015 Briggs Road, Suite 100 Mount Laurel, New Jersey 08054 FINANCIAL SECTION



Mount Arlington Corporate Center 200 Valley Road, Suite Mt. Arlington, NJ 07856 973-328-1825 | 973-328-0507 Fax Lawrence Business Center 11 Lawrence Road Newton, NJ 07860 973-383-6699 | 973-383-6555 Fax

#### Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority Cedar Knolls, NJ

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority, (the "Authority") for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the foregoing table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey (the "Division"), and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority Page 2

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the component unit financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements. The supplementary data schedules listed in the table of contents and the other information in the introductory section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary data schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary data schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority Page 3

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 27, 2015 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mt. Arlington, New Jersey March 27, 2015

NISIVOCCIA, LLP

Kathryn L. Mantell

Registered Municipal Accountant #447

Certified Public Accountant

This section presents management's analysis of the Authority's financial condition and activities for the year ended December 31, 2014. This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Management believes the Authority's financial position to be strong. The Authority is functioning within its stringent financial policies and guidelines set forth by the Authority members. Following is a list of key highlights for 2014:

- When compared to the 2014 Budget, operating revenues were up by \$421,575 and appropriations were below budget by \$1,097,243 before Depreciation. Revenue increased primarily due to water connection fees and expenditure savings were attributable to retirements where replacements were not in place for several months.
- Overall Operating Revenue for 2014 was down 2.58% when compared to 2013.
- Water Consumption was down by 2.39% when compared to 2013; Metered Sales were down 1.52% from 2013 due to a decrease in consumption which was anticipated in the 2014 budget; however Metered Sales were .71% over the anticipated revenue in the 2014 budget.
- Revenues from Connection Fees were \$426,033; this represents an increase of \$22,101 over 2013 and \$276,033 over the 2014 anticipated amount.
- Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments have increased by \$1,493,476 from 2013.
- Total expenses for capital projects and other capital assets were \$1.758 million.
- Capital transfer for 2014 was \$3,100,000, which is \$400,000 less than in 2013.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to, and should be read in conjunction with the basic audited financial statements and supplementary information. The Management's Discussion and Analysis represents management's examination and analysis of the Authority's financial condition and performance. Summary financial statement data, key financial and operational indicators used in the Authority's strategic plan, budget, and other management tools were used for this analysis.

The financial statements report information about the Authority using full accrual accounting as utilized by similar government activities. The financial statements include a statement of net position; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; a statement of cash flows; and notes to the financial statements. In addition, there are several supplementary information schedules.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Authority on a full accrual historical cost basis. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities as well as any deferred inflows or outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position is one indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

While the statement of net position provides information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents the results of the business activities over the course of the year and information as to how the net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. This statement also provides certain information about the Authority's recovery of its costs. Rate setting policies use different methods of cost recovery not fully provided for by generally accepted accounting principles. The primary objectives of the rate model are to improve equity among customer classes and ensure that capital costs are allocated on the basis of long-term requirements, ensuring that growth pays for growth.

The *Statement of Cash Flows* presents changes in cash and cash equivalents, resulting from operational, capital financing, and investing activities. This statement presents cash receipts and cash disbursement information, without consideration of the earnings event, when an obligation arises, or depreciation of capital assets.

The Notes to Financial Statements provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information concerning the Authority's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any.

The *supplementary information schedules* provide detailed comparison of budget to actual expenses, as well as important debt information.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Authority's total net position increased 3.46%. This was mainly the result of normal business operations and the continued reduction of debt associated with capital assets. The Authority is in excellent shape to meet future financial demands. The analysis below focuses on the Authority's net position (Table 1).

**Condensed Statement of Net Position** Increase/ Percentage (Decrease) Increase/ Dec. 31, 2014 Dec. 31, 2013 from 2013 (Decrease) Current and Other Assets 12,814,262 11,330,815 \$ 1,483,447 13.09% Capital Assets, Net 63,816,067 64,384,221 (568,154)-0.88% 76,630,329 75,715,036 915,293 **Total Assets** 1.21% Deferred Outflows of -50.00% Resources 55,902 111,804 (55,902)**Current Liabilities** 1,567,410 2,112,343 (544,933)-25.80% 2,891,330 Long-Term Liabilities 1,846,144 (1,045,186)-36.15% **Total Liabilities** 3,413,554 5,003,673 (1,590,119)-31.78% Net Investment in Capital Assets 61,235,201 60.841.968 393,233 0.65% 119,523 Restricted Net Position 3,609,043 3,489,520 3.43% Unrestricted Net Position 8,428,433 6,491,679 1,936,754 29.83% **Total Net Position** 73,272,677 70,823,167 \$ 2,449,510 3.46% \$

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS

Changes in the Authority's net position can be determined by reviewing the following condensed Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the year. The Authority's total net position increased from the prior year by \$2,449,510. The analysis below focuses on the Authority's changes in net position (Table 2) during the year.

TABLE 2
Condensed Statement of Revenue, Expenses
and Changes in Net Position

					Increase/	Percentage
				(	Decrease)	Increase/
		2014	 2013		from 2013	(Decrease)
Operating Revenue	\$	13,955,575	\$ 14,325,531	\$	(369,956)	-2.58%
Nonoperating Revenue		60,852	28,455		32,397	113.85%
Total Revenue		14,016,427	14,353,986		(337,559)	-2.35%
Operating Expenses		9,486,271	9,360,760		125,511	1.34%
Depreciation Depreciation		1,918,231	1,822,190		96,041	5.27%
Nonoperating Expenses		162,415	200,880		(38,465)	-19.15%
Total Expenses		11,566,917	11,383,830		183,087	1.61%
Other Item - Disposal of Capital Ass	se <u>ts</u>		 63,328		(63,328)	-100.00%
Change in Net Position		2,449,510	2,906,828		(457,318)	-15.73%
Beginning Net Position		70,823,167	 67,916,339		2,906,828	4.28%
Ending Net Position	\$	73,272,677	 70,823,167	_\$_	2,449,510	3.46%

**Operating Revenues:** The \$369,956 decrease in operating revenues compared to 2013 is primarily due to the decrease in water charges from the previous year but exceeded the 2014 budget by \$421,575.

**Expenses:** Operating expenses increased 1.34% from 2013 but were \$1,065,809 below budget primarily due to savings from staff retirements at upper levels. The Authority closely monitors its budget and spending throughout the year in order to control its operations.

When comparing the expenses from 2013 to 2014, the items to be noted are:

- Additional administration costs for the following:
  - o Water Rate Business Plan Consultant \$28,094
  - o Dam Inspection Engineering Services \$26,913
  - o Consulting Services for Personnel Manual \$20,000
- Increase in Purchased Water and Energy costs of \$262,180.
- Increase in Insurance and Property Tax costs of \$64,890.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY AS A WHOLE

One of the most important questions asked about the Authority's finances is "is the Authority, as a whole, better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report information about the Authority's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These two statements report the net position of the Authority, and changes in them. The Authority's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows – is a measurement of its financial health or financial position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, customer growth and legislative mandates also need to be considered.

The greatest impacts on the Authority's performance were:

- Revenue from metered sales for 2014 was \$84,859 above the 2014 projected amount.
- Connection fees were \$276,033 above 2014 budget.
- Miscellaneous revenue was \$636,179; lower than the \$775,725 realized in 2013 but \$246,179 above 2014 budget.
- Interest income for the Authority was \$11,049, up \$5,300 from 2013 and above budget by \$7,049. Until interest rates improve on certificates of deposits and similar instruments, investment income is limited to interest from money market accounts.
- The Authority realized cost savings due to several unanticipated retirements of high-level employees.
- The cost of purchased water remained relatively the same when compared to 2013. Passaic Valley Water Commission did increase its bulk water rate by 5% in 2014. It is anticipated that Passaic Valley Water Commission will continue to have annual increases of 4-6% for 10 years.
- Customer service and collection costs were down approximately \$130,000 due to the conversion of the customer information system from an out-sourced to an in-house program.
- The Authority paid its actuarially calculated pension payment of \$333,609 in 2014.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The State of New Jersey requires local authorities to prepare and adopt annual budgets in accordance with the Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law and regulations adopted by the Local Finance Board pursuant to statute and codified as N.J.A.C. 5:31-1 et seq. The statutory budget was designed to demonstrate to the Bureau of Authority Regulation of the Division of Local Government Services that the cash flows of the Authority for the coming year will be sufficient to cover operating expenses, interest accruing on bonded indebtedness and cash payments of maturing bond and loan principal.

In the event that current projected revenues lag behind budget amounts, adjustments to discretionary spending and/or rate impact analyses need to be performed. However, in order to present a true budgetary comparison, the statutory budget is amended only in instances wherein planned spending will exceed legal appropriation amounts.

In order to continue its aggressive capital improvement program as outlined in the 2006 Master Plan on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, the Authority raised rates 9.5% effective January 1, 2008 and 6% again effective January 1, 2010. In order to continue to pay for capital projects without incurring debt, the Authority raised water rates by 3% in 2013.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

An analysis of revenues and expenditures was performed mid-year in 2014, and results indicated no water rate increase was necessary for 2014. Statutory adjustments to the connection fee will continue annually.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At December 31, 2014, the Authority had \$63,816,067 invested in a broad range of utility capital assets, including water treatment plants, water storage facilities, water mains, pump stations, and related land, facilities and equipment.

The following table summarizes the Authority's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and changes therein, for the year ended December 31, 2014. These changes are presented in detail in Note 2 to the financial statements.

TABLE 3
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Capit	al Assets, Net of A	ccumulated Deprect	iation
			Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Increase/
	Dec. 31, 2014	Dec. 31, 2013	from 2013	(Decrease)
Land	\$ 4,045,860	\$ 4,045,860		
Plant, Equipment and Vehicles	87,316,169	86,030,201	\$ 1,285,968	1.49%
Construction in Progress	1,067,929	1,003,820	64,109	6.39%
Total	92,429,958	91,079,881	1,350,077	1.48%
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	28,613,891	26,695,660	1,918,231	7.19%
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 63,816,067	\$ 64,384,221	\$ (568,154)	-0.88%

Additions during the year ended December 31, 2014 included:

Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment	\$737,526
Construction in Progress	612,551

During the year the Authority transferred \$548,422 of Construction in Progress to Plant for fully completed projects and depreciated \$1,918,231 of its capital assets.

Based on the revised Master Plan completed in 2006, and revised in 2013, the Authority's 2015 capital budget plans for investing another \$3,095,000 in capital projects, including the following:

Information Technology	\$ 295,000
Facilities Improvements	85,000
Meters and Services	300,000
Transmission and Distribution Improvements	1,605,000
Treatment and Pumping Improvements	<u>810,000</u>
Total Capital Budget for 2015	\$3,095,000

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Authority plans to continue funding its capital projects through its general operating budget which also comprises annual depreciation and connection fee transfers from revenues.

**Long-term Debt:** At year-end, the Authority had \$2,832,601 in debt outstanding – a decrease of \$1,020,116 from last year – as shown in Table 4. (More detailed information about the Authority's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.)

TABLE 4

		Outstanding L	ong-Term Debt	
			Increase/	Percentage
			(Decrease)	Increase/
	Dec. 31, 2014	Dec. 31, 2013	from 2013	(Decrease)
Water Revenue Refunding				
Bonds Payable	\$ 2,010,000	\$ 2,970,000	\$ (960,000)	-32.32%
Loan - Town of Morristown	570,866	572,253	(1,387)	-0.24%
Other Long-Term Liabilities	251,735	310,464	(58,729)	-18.92%
	\$ 2,832,60	\$ 3,852,717	\$ (1,020,116)	-26.48%

At December 31, 2014, the Authority had outstanding revenue refunding bonds in the amount of \$2,010,000. The debt service schedule goes out to 2016 and the interest rates range from 3.00% to 4.00%. Moody's Investor Service assigned its municipal bond rating of "Aa2" to the 2010 Refunding Bonds maturing in the years 2012 through 2016 and required NO reserve fund. The refunding proceeds of \$1,463,500 were used to pay down the 2001 refunding bonds resulting in the favorable budgetary savings. Full details of the specific Bond Issues outstanding are found on Schedule 2.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Authority's 2015 budget revenues projected conservatively, at \$13,998,930 with total budgetary expenses equal to \$14,486,013. The contribution from unrestricted net position to balance the budget is \$487,083.

In 2014, the Authority experienced slightly higher than expected sales. The 2015 Budget shows an increase in anticipated metered sales revenue due to the 6% rate increase. The anticipated revenue in 2015 for connection fees is conservatively estimated at zero due to the unpredictable nature of future new connections.

The 2015 operating budget was developed based upon the operating results for 2014. In 2015, anticipated metered water sales revenue was increased by \$487,980. Salary and wages for 2015 are estimated to be \$46,385 less than budgeted for 2014 due to staff changes through retirement and new hires. Purchased water is increased by 5% to adjust for Passaic Valley Water Commission's increase in water rates. The total increase in 2015 appropriations is 2.85% net of depreciation, amortization and capital reserves.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

#### 2015 Budget highlights include:

- An overall budget increase of 2.85% (before amortization and depreciation) from 2014 has been projected.
- Revenues from Metered Sales have been anticipated to be \$487,980 more than the 2014 budgeted revenues.
- 5% increase in the cost of water purchased from the Passaic Valley Water Commission.
- The 2015 budget does not include or anticipate Connection fees due to the inability to predict them with any certainty.
- The 2015 budget forecasts \$2,515,257 in depreciation, amortization and contribution to capital reserves.
- Increases in line items for water purchases, fuel costs, road repairs and treatment and waste disposal were budgeted for 2015.
- Mandatory expenses are as follows:
  - o Mandatory contribution to the Public Employment Retirement System of \$391,500.
  - o NJ State Health Benefits Program for active employees decreased by \$55,000 to \$575,000, due to the increased percentage employees are mandated to contribute.
  - o NJ State Health Benefit costs for retirees budget line item increased by \$90,000 to \$370,000, due to the addition of the 2014 retirees.

Completion of the Master Plan revision provided a blueprint for budgeting and rate planning. The Authority's projections for 2015 and results of 2014 required a rate increase of 6% in 2015.

It should be noted that based on the Board's commitment to supply the highest water quality and superior customer service and the practice of internal financing for projects and capital improvements, an annual review of revenues and rates is required.

### CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Authority's customers, creditors and bond holders with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Laura Cummings, P.E., Executive Director/Chief Engineer at the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority, 19 Saddle Road, Cedar Knolls, NJ 07927 or e-mail lcummings@smcmua.org.

# SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

<u>ASSETS</u>	2014	2013
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Change Fund	\$ 10,676,195 700	\$ 9,183,019 400
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	10,676,895	9,183,419
Water Charges Receivable	1,385,655	1,389,487
Other Accounts Receivable	619,515	567,327
Prepaid Expenses		30,846
Inventory	132,197	159,736
Total Current Assets	12,814,262	11,330,815
Noncurrent Assets:		
Depreciable Capital Assets	58,702,278	59,334,541
Land	4,045,860	4,045,860
Construction in Progress	1,067,929	1,003,820
Total Capital Assets	63,816,067	64,384,221
Total Noncurrent Assets	63,816,067	64,384,221
TOTAL ASSETS	76,630,329	75,715,036
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unamortized Deferred Amount on Bond Refunding	55,902	111,804
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	55,902	111,804

### SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

(Continued)

	2014		2013	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	#147-042-7			
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable - Vendors	\$	314,159	\$	450,602
Contracts Payable - Vendors		119,662		527,089
Payroll Deductions Payable		1,977		12,399
Accrued Wages Payable		95,041		91,552
Accrued Interest Payable		38,950		58,150
Customer Deposits and Refunds		11,164		11,164
Bonds Payable		985,000		960,000
Loan Payable - Due to Town of Morristown	and the second and th	1,457	***************************************	1,387
Total Current Liabilities		1,567,410		2,112,343
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Bonds Payable		1,025,000		2,010,000
Unamortized Bond Premium		16,878		33,757
Compensated Absences Payable		234,857		276,707
Loan Payable - Due to Town of Morristown		569,409		570,866
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,846,144		2,891,330
Total Liabilities		3,413,554	-	5,003,673
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		61,235,201		60,841,968
Unrestricted		8,428,433		6,491,679
Restricted		3,609,043		3,489,520
Total Net Position		73,272,677	\$	70,823,167

# SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

	2014	2013
Operating Revenue:		40.740.006
Water Charges	\$ 13,319,396	\$ 13,549,806
Water Connection Fees	426,033	403,932
Wet Cut Application Fees	3,816	3,418
Tap Application Fees	7,915	26,440
Main Extension Inspection Fees	44.002	1,270
Fines/Penalties	44,093	64,904
Leases/Rents	104,969	91,672
Miscellaneous	49,353	184,089
Total Operating Revenue	13,955,575	14,325,531
Operating Expenses:		
Operating Appropriations	9,486,271	9,360,760
Depreciation	1,918,231	1,822,190
Total Operating Expenses	11,404,502	11,182,950
Operating Income	2,551,073	3,142,581
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):		
Interest Income	11,049	5,749
Amortization of Bond Premium	16,879	16,878
Interest Expense - Bonds	(133,802)	(172,201)
Interest Expense - Loans	(28,613)	(28,679)
Prior Year Accounts Payable Cancelled	32,924	5,828
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	(101,563)	(172,425)
Change in Net Position (Before Disposal of Capital Assets)	2,449,510	2,970,156
Disposal of Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	Mark Sent Applications	(63,328)
Change in Net Position	2,449,510	2,906,828
Net Position, Beginning of Year	70,823,167	67,916,339
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 73,272,677	\$ 70,823,167

# SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

	2014	 2013
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers and Employees	\$ 13,907,219 (9,580,188)	\$ 15,423,296 (9,347,583)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	4,327,031	6,075,713
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of Capital Assets Construction in Progress Principal Paid on Bonds and Loans Interest Expense  Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (737,526) (1,019,978) (961,387) (125,713) (2,844,604)	(112,008) (2,123,295) (921,321) (163,379) (3,320,003)
•	 (2,044,004)	 (3,320,003)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest on Investments	11,049	5,749
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	 11,049	5,749
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,493,476	2,761,459
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	9,183,419	6,421,960
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 10,676,895	\$ 9,183,419
Reconciliation of Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net	\$ 2,551,073	\$ 3,142,581
Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Prior Year Accounts Payable Cancelled Changes in Net Position:	1,918,231 32,924	1,822,190 5,828
Decrease in Water Rents Receivable (Increase)/(Decrease) in Other Accounts Receivable Decrease in State Grant Receivable	3,832 (52,188)	103,158 964,926 29,681
Decrease in Prepaid Expenses (Increase)/Decrease in Inventory Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable (Decrease) in Payroll Deductions Payable (Decrease) in Accrued Compensated Absences Payable Increase in Accrued Wages Payable	30,846 27,539 (136,443) (10,422) (41,850) 3,489	(55,157) 69,837 (9,759) (14,902) 17,330
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$ 4,327,031	\$ 6,075,713

#### Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority is a public body corporate and politic of the State of New Jersey and was created by parallel ordinances adopted by the governing bodies, effective in December 1976, of the Township of Hanover, the Township of Morris, the Borough of Morris Plains and the Town of Morristown ("the creating municipalities"), all municipal corporations of the State of New Jersey located in the County of Morris.

The Authority was created for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, maintaining, operating and improving the water supply and distribution system previously owned and operated by the Town of Morristown.

The ordinances creating the Authority provide that the Authority shall consist of eight members, two of whom shall be appointed by each of the governing bodies of the creating municipalities.

All bond proceeds, revenue or other cash receipts must be applied for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the Bond resolution dated September 5, 1991 and amended and restated on June 21, 2001 as more fully described in Note 5.

#### A. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The Authority utilizes the accrual basis of accounting whereby revenue is recorded as earned and expenses are reflected as the liability is incurred. Operating revenue, such as charges for services result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the Authority. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal value. Nonoperating revenue, such as subsidies and investment earnings, results from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Authority gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, generally do not occur, with the exception of investment earnings.

All activities of the Authority are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user changes; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned and/or expenses incurred is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Authority is determined by its measurement focus. The financial statements are reported using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The transactions of the Authority are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the Statement of Net Position. Net Position (i.e., totals assets and deferred outflows net of total liabilities and deferred inflows) are segregated into "net investment in capital assets"; "restricted for debt service"; and "unrestricted" components.

#### Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### A. Basis of Presentation and Accounting (Cont'd)

#### **Reporting Entity**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board publication Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards section 2100, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity", establishes standards to determine whether a governmental component unit should be included in the financial reporting entity. The basic criterion for inclusion or exclusion from the financial reporting entity is the exercise of oversight responsibility over agencies, boards and commissions by the primary government. The exercise of oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency and a resulting financial benefit or burden relationship, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. The Authority is a legally separate organization. Financial transactions are processed and accounted for by the Authority's financial administration. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above, in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the Authority is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

### B. Grants

Recognition of revenue from grants is based on the accrual basis of accounting. Grant funds received before costs are incurred are recorded as unearned revenue.

Grant related expenses incurred in advance of receipt of grant funds result in the recording of receivables and revenue. Grants not externally restricted and utilized to finance operations are identified as nonoperating revenue. The Authority was not awarded any grants in either 2013 or 2014.

### C. <u>Inventories</u>

The cost of inventories of supplies are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are stated at cost.

### D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Amounts include petty cash, amounts on deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### E. Investments

Investments are stated at cost which approximates market. The Authority classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

(Continued)

#### Note 1 -Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

#### G. Compensated Absences

The Authority accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), Accounting for Compensated Absences. A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Authority employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Authority's employee contracts/agreements and personnel manual. are permitted to accrue up to one year of unused vacation time and all unused sick time. Upon retirement, employees shall be paid for their unused vacation time. Employees hired prior to December 31, 2011 shall be paid for their unused sick leave in accordance with the Authority's applicable employee contracts/agreements and personnel manual. Employees hired after December 31, 2011, are not entitled to payment for their unused sick time.

In the Statement of Net Position, the liabilities, whose average maturities are greater than one year, should be reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year. Compensated absences are accrued and reported as a liability in the period earned. The balance as of December 31, 2014 was \$234,857, which is included on the Statement of Net Position as a non-current liability.

#### H. **Net Position**

GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position defines net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. It is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. This Statement provides guidance for reporting net position within a framework that includes deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, in addition to assets and liabilities.

GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

(Continued)

#### Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd) Note 1 -

### H. Net Position (Cont'd)

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the Authority that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the Authority that is applicable to a future reporting period. The Authority did not have any deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2014 or December 31, 2013. The Authority had a deferred outflow of resources for the unamortized Deferred Amount on Bond Refunding at December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

Net position is displayed in three components - net investment in capital assets; restricted and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also would be included in this component of net position.

The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

#### Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts I.

All receivables are reported at their gross values and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The allowance is established at the discretion of management of the Authority as deemed necessary based on prior collection history.

#### J. Revenue Recognition

Large commercial customers are billed monthly and residential and small commercial customers are billed quarterly. Revenue is recorded net of any discounts, assessments or abatements, if applicable.

#### K. Restricted (Accounts) Funds

By its nature as a local government unit, the Authority is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the Authority's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over Authority resources is as follows:

(Continued)

#### Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd) Note 1 -

#### K. Restricted (Accounts) Funds (Cont'd)

#### **Bond Resolution**

Set forth below are statements which are summaries of certain provisions of the Bond Resolution, Adopted September 5, 1991 and amended and restated on June 21, 2001 and September 2, 2010:

1. Collection and Disposition of Revenues - The Resolution provides for the establishment of a Revenue Fund, Operating Fund, Bond Service Fund, Sinking Fund, Bond Reserve Fund, Subordinated Indebtedness Fund, General Fund and Rebate Fund. The Subordinated Indebtedness Fund and General Fund are held by the Authority, all remaining funds are held by the Trustee.

All revenues collected by the Authority are deposited into the Revenue Fund. Any moneys received by the Authority from any other source for operating, maintaining or repairing the system is also deposited into the Revenue Fund.

The Trustee makes payments from the Revenue Fund for the Authority's operating expenses upon requisition of the Authority.

- 2. The Trustee, at the discretion of the Authority, makes the following payments from the Revenue Fund to the following Funds in the order of priority as listed:
  - a. Operating Fund Until the amount on deposit in the Operating Fund equals the Operating Account requirement. The Authority has determined the Operating Fund Requirement to be equal to approximately one quarter of its annual operating expenses, subject to the Authority's review on a continual basis, within the limits of its annual budget.
  - b. Bond Service Fund Until the amount on deposit in the Bond Service Fund equals any unpaid interest and principal then due plus the interest to become due and the principal maturing on or before the next January (the "Bond Service Requirement").
  - Sinking Fund Until the amount on deposit equals the aggregate amount of all Sinking Fund Installments payable on or before the next January (the "Sinking Fund Requirement").
  - d. Bond Reserve Fund Until the amount in the Bond Reserve Fund equals maximum annual debt service on all outstanding bonds (the "Bond Reserve Requirement").
  - Subordinated Indebtedness Fund To the extent of future subordinated indebtedness.
  - f. General Account To any extent available.

#### Note 1 -Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

- K. Bond Resolution (Cont'd)
- 3. General Fund Moneys in the General Fund are available for deficiencies in the Bond Reserve Fund until the amount on deposit equals the Bond Reserve Requirement. Whenever all amounts set forth have been paid into the Operating Fund, the Bond Service Fund, the Sinking Fund and the Bond Reserve Fund, and the Authority is not in default in the payment of the principal or redemption premium or the interest on any bonds and any costs of any Bond Insurance Policy, Credit Facility or Liquidity Facility, and all administrative costs of the Authority have been paid, the Trustee, upon direction of the Authority, shall pay to the Authority from the General Fund, free and clear of any lien or pledge created by the Resolutions, any amount which is then on deposit in the General Fund.

All amounts so paid to the Authority from the General Fund may be spent by the Authority for any lawful purpose.

4. <u>Construction Fund</u> – The resolution provides for the establishment of a Construction Fund with a separate account for the acquisition of the water system and for the construction and acquisition of any authorized project of the Authority. Amounts in the Construction Fund will be used to pay the costs of construction and acquisition of the system.

The Trustee shall withdraw from the Construction Fund the balance in any account upon completion of the project being constructed related to such account after providing for the payment of all costs in connection therewith, and pay the amount so withdrawn to either (1) payment of the cost of any portion of the System (other than the aforementioned completed project), (2) payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds, (3) payment of any Sinking Fund Installment of any Series of Bonds issued for or with respect to the System, or (4) payment of the Redemption Price of any Bonds, all in accordance with the certificate of an Authority Officer.

- 5. Rebate Fund The Authority shall determine the arbitrage amount subject to rebate to the United States Government in accordance with the terms of the tax certificate executed by the Authority in connection with the authentication and delivery of the series 1991 Bonds. Such amounts shall be held in the Rebate Fund for payment to the United States Government.
- 6. Special Fund Cash and investments in the Special Fund are the accumulated excess funds transferred from the General Fund to the Authority. Although these amounts may be spent by the Authority for any lawful purpose, these funds are presently being used solely to improve the Authority's water supply and distribution system.

#### Note 2 - Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost and consisted of the following:

	Dec. 31, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Dec. 31, 2014
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Plant	\$62,276,220			\$ 548,442	\$62,824,662
Vehicles	1,046,579	\$ 25,348			1,071,927
Machinery and Equipment	22,707,402	712,178			23,419,580
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	86,030,201	737,526	******	548,442	87,316,169
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:					
Land	4,045,860				4,045,860
Construction in Progress	1,003,820	612,551		(548,442)	1,067,929
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	5,049,680	612,551		(548,442)	5,113,789
Total Capital Assets	91,079,881	1,350,077			92,429,958
Accumulated Depreciation	(26,695,660)	(1,918,231)			(28,613,891)
Capital Assets (Net)	\$64,384,221	\$ (568,154)	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$63,816,067

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; major renewals and betterments are capitalized. Capital assets have been reviewed for impairments.

Major classes of property, plant and equipment and their estimated useful lives are summarized below:

Structures and Improvements	50-100 Years
Transmission and Distribution Mains, Reservoirs and Standpipes	100 Years
Vehicles and Equipment	5-100 Years

#### Construction-in-Progress

As of December 31, 2014, the Authority continues to move forward with plans to upgrade its water treatment facilities with cumulative costs totaling \$1,067,929.

#### Note 3 - Pension

Authority employees are enrolled in one cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system: the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). The State of New Jersey sponsors and administers this plan which covers substantially all Authority employees. As a general rule, all full-time employees are eligible to join this public employees' retirement system.

Employees who are members of PERS and retire at a specified age according to the relevant tier category for that employee are entitled to a retirement benefit based upon a formula which takes "final average salary" during years of creditable service. Vesting occurs after 8 to 10 years of service.

(Continued)

#### Note 3 - Pension (Cont'd)

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information of the above system. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

The contribution policy is set by New Jersey State Statutes and, in most retirement systems, contributions are required by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. For PERS, the employee contribution rate was 6.78% effective July 1, 2013 and increased to 6.92% effective July 1, 2014. Subsequent increases after October 1, 2011 are being phased in over 7 years effective on each July 1st to bring the total pension contribution rate to 7.5% of base salary as of July 1, 2018. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in the PERS. The actuarially determined employer contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments and noncontributory death benefits.

Authority contributions to PERS amounted to \$333,609, \$342,342 and \$350,422 for 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively.

#### Note 4 - Operating Leases

The Authority has commitments to lease copying equipment and a postage machine under operating leases which expire in June 2019. Total operating lease payments made during the year ended December 31, 2014 were \$9,212.

Future lease payments are as follows:

Year	Amount	Amount			
2015	\$ 8,62	27			
2016	8,62	7			
2017	8,62	7			
2018	6,53	2			
2019	2,74	2_			
	\$ 35,15	6			

#### Note 5 - Long-Term Debt

#### **Bonds Payable**

The Authority issued \$4,785,000 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 on October 5, 2010 to currently refund Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2001 and pay the costs of issuance. The bonds are serial bonds which mature annually in varying amounts ranging from \$5,000 to \$1,025,000. The bonds bear multiple interest rates varying from 3%-4% per annum.

The Authority had bonds outstanding at December 31, 2014 as follows:

985,000

1,025,000

### SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Maturities of Bonds

Short-Term Portion

Long-Term Portion

#### Note 5 -Long-Term Debt (Cont'd)

#### Bonds Payable (Cont'd)

	Maturiti	ics of D	Olido			
	Outstandin	g Dec.	31, 2014	Interest		Balance
<u>Purpose</u>	Date		Amount	Rate	_ <u>D</u> e	ec. 31, 2014
Water Revenue	1/1/15	\$	985,000	4.00%		
Refunding Bonds	1/1/16		250,000	3.00%		
Series 2010	1/1/16		775,000	4.00%	\$	2,010,000

2,010,000

Principal and interest due on the bonds is as follows:

Interest							
Rate	Principal		<u> </u>	nterest	Total		
4.00% 3.00% - 4.00%	\$ 985,000 1,025,000		\$	58,200 19,250	\$	1,043,200 1,044,250	
	\$	2,010,000	\$	77,450	\$	2,087,450	
	\$	985,000 1,025,000	\$	58,200 19,250	\$	1,043,200 1,044,250	
	\$	2,010,000	\$	77,450	\$	2,087,450	
	Rate 4.00%	Rate 4.00% \$ 3.00% - 4.00%  \$ tion \$	Rate         Principal           4.00%         \$ 985,000           3.00% - 4.00%         1,025,000           \$ 2,010,000           tion         \$ 985,000           tion         1,025,000	Rate         Principal         I           4.00%         \$ 985,000         \$           3.00% - 4.00%         1,025,000         \$           tion         \$ 985,000         \$           tion         1,025,000         \$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

The Authority recorded a deferred amount on the 2001 refunding in the gross amount of \$929,807 which is being amortized over the life of the refunding bonds. The amortization expense was \$55,902 and \$55,901 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. The unamortized deferred amount on the refunding was \$55,902 and \$111,804 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

#### Loans Payable

On January 20, 1977, under a regionalization plan approved by ordinances of the creating municipalities (see Note 1), the Authority acquired the water utility owned and operated by the Town of Morristown. Under the plan, a portion of the acquisition cost is required to be paid to the Town of Morristown in annual installments of \$30,000 until year 2076. The unpaid balances at December 31, 2014 and 2013 were \$570,866 and \$572,253, respectively, at an assumed interest rate of 5%. Interest expense on the annual payment due to the Town of Morristown was \$28,613 and \$28,679 for 2014 and 2013, respectively.

#### Note 5 - <u>Long-Term Debt</u> (Cont'd)

#### Bonds Authorized But Not Issued

As of December 31, 2014, the Authority had no authorized but not issued bonds.

#### Note 6 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, amounts in deposits, money market accounts, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at cost, which approximates market. The Authority classifies certificates of deposit which have original maturity dates of more than three months but less than twelve months from the date of purchase, as investments.

GASB Statement No. 40, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, requires disclosure of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Authority in its cash, cash equivalents and investments, if those items are uninsured or unregistered. Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned.

Interest Rate Risk – In accordance with its cash management plan, the Authority ensures that any deposit or investment matures within the time period that approximates the prospective need for the funds, deposited or invested, so that there is not a risk to the market value of such deposits or investments.

Credit Risk – The Authority limits its investments to those authorized in its cash management plan which are permitted under state statutes as detailed on the following pages.

#### Deposits:

New Jersey statutes require that authorities deposit public funds in public depositories located in New Jersey which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency of the United States that insures deposits made in public depositories. Authorities are also permitted to deposit public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed insurance limits as follows:

The market value of the collateral must equal 5% of the average daily balance of collected public funds on deposit.

In addition to the above collateral requirement, if the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository must provide collateral having market value at least equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

(Continued)

#### Note 6 -Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Cont'd)

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

#### Investments:

New Jersey statutes permit the Authority to purchase the following types of securities:

- Bonds or other obligations of the United States of America or obligations (1)guaranteed by the United States of America;
- Government money market mutual funds;
- Any obligation that a federal agency or a federal instrumentality has issued in (3) accordance with an act of Congress, which security has a maturity date not greater than 397 days from the date of purchase, provided that such obligation bears a fixed rate of interest not dependent on any index or other external factor;
- Bonds or other obligations of the local unit or bonds or other obligations of school districts of which the local unit is a part or within which the school district is located:
- (5) Bonds or other obligations, having a maturity date not more than 397 days from the date of purchase, approved by the Division of Investment of the Department of the Treasury for investment by local units;
- Local government investment pools;
- (7) Deposits with the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund; or
- Agreements for the repurchase of fully collateralized securities if: (8)
  - the underlying securities are permitted investments pursuant to paragraphs (a) (1) and (3) above;
  - the custody of collateral is transferred to a third party; (b)
  - (c) the maturity of the agreement is not more than 30 days;
  - (d) the underlying securities are purchased through a public depository as defined in statute; and
  - a master repurchase agreement providing for the custody and security of (e) collateral is executed.

(Continued)

#### Note 6 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Cont'd)

As of December 31, 2014, cash and cash equivalents of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority consisted of the following:

			Checking/		Money		NJ Cash			
	Cash		Savings		Market		Management			
	on Hand		Accounts		Funds		<u>Fund</u>		Total	
Cash and										
Cash Equivalents	\$	700	_\$	8,458,502	_\$_	616,331	\$	1,601,362	\$	10,676,895

The carrying amount of the Authority's cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2014, was \$10,676,895, and the bank balance was \$10,772,649. The \$1,601,362 invested with the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund is uninsured and unregistered. The Authority did not hold any investments during the period ended December 31, 2014.

#### Note 7: Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Health benefits are provided to employees through the State of New Jersey health benefits plan. The Authority carries commercial insurance coverage for all other risks of loss except for Workers' Compensation Insurance coverage.

The Authority is a member of the Statewide Insurance Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund provides its members with Workers' Compensation. The Fund is a risk-sharing public entity risk pool that is both an insured and self-administered group of governmental entities established for the purpose of providing low-cost insurance coverage for its members in order to keep local property taxes at a minimum. Each member appoints an official to represent their respective entity for the purpose of creating a governing body from which officers for the Fund are elected.

As a member of the Fund, the Authority could be subject to supplemental assessments in the event of deficiencies. If the assets of the Fund were to be exhausted, members would become responsible for their respective shares of the Fund's liabilities.

The Fund can declare and distribute dividends to members upon approval of the State of New Jersey Department of Banking and Insurance. These distributions are divided amongst the members in the same ratio as their individual assessment relates to the total assessment of the membership body. The members may either receive payment or offset their subsequent year assessments with their respective share of the distribution.

### Note 7: Risk Management (Cont'd)

The December 31, 2014 audit report has not been filed as of the date of this audit. Selected financial information for the Fund as of December 31, 2013 is as follows:

	Ins	Statewide Insurance Fund Dec. 31, 2013			
Total Assets		36,864,759			
Net Position	\$	70,107,788			
Total Revenue	\$	23,466,411			
Total Expenses	\$	21,204,866			
Change in Net Position	\$	2,261,545			
Members Dividends	\$	-0-			

Financial statements for the Fund are available at the offices of the Fund's Executive Director:

Statewide Insurance Fund C/O HRH of Northern New Jersey, Inc. 30A Vreeland Road Florham Park, NJ 07932-0678

#### New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance

The Authority has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method". Under this plan, the Authority is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Authority is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State.

The following is a summary of Authority and employee contributions, interest earned and reimbursements to the State for benefits paid and the ending balance of the Authority's account for the current and previous two years which is included in the Authority's restricted net position:

	Authority/ Employee Interest Amount								
Year	Contributions		Earned		Reimbursed		Ending Balance		
2012	\$ 8,000	\$	- 0 -	\$	1,967	\$	114,859		
2013	5,614		- 0 -		15,453		105,020		
2014	6,345		- 0 -		2,054		109,311		

#### SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

(Continued)

#### Note 8: Post-Retirement Benefits

The Authority contributes to the State Health Benefits Program (SHBP), a cost-sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits. SHBP was established in 1961 under N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.25 et seg, to provide health benefits to State employees, retirees, and their dependents.

The SHBP was extended to employees, retirees, and dependents of participating local public employers in 1964. Local employers must adopt a resolution to participate in the SHBP.

Rules governing the operations and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code. SHBP provides medical, prescription drugs, mental health/ substance abuse, and Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees and their covered dependents.

The State Health Benefits Commission is the executive body by statute to be responsible for the operations of the SHBP. The New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the SHBP. This report may be obtained by writing to the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

Participating employers are contractually required to contribute based on the amount of premiums attributable to their retirees. Post-retirement medical benefits under the plan have been funded on the pay-as-you-go basis since 1994. Prior to 1994, medical benefits were funded on an actuarial basis.

Contributions to pay for the health benefits of participating retirees in the SHBP are billed to the Authority on a monthly basis. The Authority's portion of post-retirement benefits is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis from the operating budget.

The Authority provides its retirees with health benefits which are funded by the Authority (and in some cases, may be offset by employee contributions). These benefits are negotiated through each bargaining unit's contract. In order to receive fully paid health benefits, retirees must have been enrolled in the Public Employees Retirement System for 25 years and have served 20 consecutive years with the Authority. Retirees receive the same type of health insurance coverage that they were receiving prior to retirement. There are seventeen (17) retirees and eleven (11) spouses, including (5) families, enrolled in health benefits programs which are funded by the Authority. The annual costs are determined by the provider, per approved schedules in accordance with the insured individual's age and plan status. This represents billings to the Authority on an experience basis. The Authority's annual costs for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$255,923 and \$202,814, respectively.

# SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

#### Note 9: Intraentity and Interfund Transfers

In the normal course of business, the Authority will from time to time authorize advances between accounts. Also, as stated in the Bond Resolution, when the amount on deposit in the Operating Fund, Bond Service Fund and Bond Reserve Funds equals or exceeds the requirements for the current year, monies can be transferred into the General Fund that is free and clear of any lien or pledge created by said resolution, to be used for any lawful purpose of the Authority. During 2014, the Authority transferred \$3,100,000 from the Revenue Bond Service Fund to the General Fund based on the Bond Resolution. There were no advances outstanding as of December 31, 2014.

#### Note 10: Accounts Payable, Contracts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses were as follows:

	2014	2013		
Vendors	\$ 433,821	\$ 977,691		
Payroll Deductions Payable	1,977	12,399		
Accrued Wages Payable	95,041	91,552		
Accrued Interest Payable	38,950	58,150		
Total	\$ 569,789	\$1,139,792		

#### Note 11: Environmental Matters

The Authority's past and present daily operations include activities which are subject to extensive federal and state environmental regulations. Compliance with these regulations has not had, nor does the Authority expect such compliance to have, any material effect upon expected capital expenses, financial condition or competitive position of the Authority. The Authority believes that its current practices and procedures comply with applicable regulations. The Authority's policy is to accrue environmental and related costs of a non-capital nature when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and that the amount can be reasonably estimated. No such amounts have been accrued in these statements.

#### Note 12: Contingencies

The Authority is periodically involved in various lawsuits, claims, and grievances arising in the normal course of business, including claims for personal injury and personnel practices, property damage, and disputes over eminent domain proceedings. In the opinion of the General Counsel to the Authority, payment of claims by the Authority, for amounts not covered by insurance, in the aggregate, are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Authority's financial position.

# SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

#### Note 13: Service Contract

On January 20, 1977, the Authority entered into service contracts with the Township of Hanover, the Township of Morris, the Borough of Morris Plains and the Town of Morristown. The contracts authorize the Authority to supply water within the territorial boundaries of the participating municipalities and to establish service charges at rates sufficient (1) to pay or provide for the expenses of operations and maintenance of the system and the principal of and interest on any and all bonds as the same become due, (2) to maintain such reserves and sinking funds as may be required by the terms of any contract of the Authority or any Bond Resolutions, or as may be deemed necessary or desirable by the Authority to the Town of Morristown pursuant to its agreement with said Town, (3) to provide for any deficits of the Authority resulting from failure to receive any sum payable by any municipality, any county or any person, or from any other cause, and (4) to comply in all respects with the terms and provisions of any Bond Resolutions and of the Act.

The service contract does not obligate any municipality to make payments in lieu of service charges; however, the creating municipalities are required to enforce a lien on real property equal to the unpaid balance of service charges with respect to real property located within such municipalities.

The service contract also provides that the Authority shall not supply or distribute water to any property located outside its district (the territorial area of the creating municipalities) without the consent of all the creating municipalities unless such property was previously supplied with water by the Town of Morristown water system.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

	2014	2013
Operating Revenue:	e 12.210.20 <i>(</i>	Φ 12.540.90 <i>6</i>
Water Charges	\$ 13,319,396	\$ 13,549,806 403,932
Water Connection Fees	426,033 3,816	3,418
Wet Cut Application Fees	7,915	26,440
Tap Application Fees	7,913	1,270
Main Extension Inspection Fees	44,093	64,904
Fines/Penalties	104,969	91,672
Leases/Rents Miscellaneous	49,353	184,089
Total Operating Revenue	13,955,575	14,325,531
Operating Expenses:		
Operating Appropriations	9,486,271	9,360,760
Depreciation	1,918,231	1,822,190
Total Operating Expenses	11,404,502	11,182,950
Operating Income	2,551,073	3,142,581
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):		
Interest Income	11,049	5,749
Amortization of Bond Premium	16,879	16,878
Interest Expense - Bonds	(133,802)	(172,201)
Interest Expense - Loans	(28,613)	(28,679)
Prior Year Accounts Payable Cancelled	32,924	5,828
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	(101,563)	(172,425)
Change in Net Position (Before Disposal of Capital Assets)	2,449,510	2,970,156
Disposal of Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		(63,328)
Change in Net Position	2,449,510	2,906,828
Net Position, Beginning of Year	70,823,167	67,916,339
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 73,272,677	\$ 70,823,167

## SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

#### WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	2014 Budget	Budget After Modification	2014 Actual	Excess or (Deficit)	2013 Actual	
Contribution from Unrestricted Net Position	\$ 738,373	\$ 738,373	*	\$ (738,373)		
Operating Revenue: Water Charges:						
Unmetered Sales	8,000	8,000	\$ 5,710	(2,290)	\$ 8,156	
Metered Sales	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,084,859	84,859	12,271,634	
Bulk Service Invoices	65,000	65,000	43,357	(21,643)	65,455	
Fire Protection	625,000	625,000	679,480	54,480	677,844	
Contract Operations	446,000	446,000	505,990	59,990	526,717	
Water Connection Fees	150,000	150,000	426,033	276,033	403,932	
Wet Cut Application Fees	3,000	3,000	3,816	816	3,418	
Tap Application Fees	18,000	18,000	7,915	(10,085)	26,440	
Main Extension Inspection Fees					1,270	
Fines/Penalty Charges	36,000	36,000	44,093	8,093	64,904	
Leases/Rents	113,000	113,000	104,969	(8,031)	91,672	
Miscellaneous Income	70,000	70,000	49,353	(20,647)	184,089	
Total Operating Revenue	13,534,000	13,534,000	13,955,575	421,575	14,325,531	
Nonoperating Revenue:						
Interest on Investments and Deposits	4,000	4,000	11,049	7,049	5,749	
Total Nonoperating Revenue	4,000	4,000	11,049	7,049	5,749	
Total Revenue	14,276,373	14,276,373	13,966,624	(309,749)	14,331,280	
Expenses: Operating Expenses: Administration Expenses: Salaries and Wages:						
General Administration	393,000	400,500	378,750	21,750	391,108	
Financial Operations	208,300	218,300	224,303	(6,003)	201,839	
Customer Service and Collection	408,000	425,000	392,939	32,061	400,628	
Administration Division	315,000	351,200	348,251	2,949	409,273	
Employee Benefits:						
Dental Benefits	30,000	30,000	26,248	3,752	23,754	
Medical Benefits	910,000	910,000	839,294	70,706	836,042	
Social Security Tax	285,000	285,000	251,644	33,356	276,223	
Public Employees' Retirement System	371,500	371,500	333,609	37,891	342,342	
Accumulated Sick Time	55,000	55,000	54,654	346	81,661	
Other Expenses:						
General Administration	586,300	613,800	547,868	65,932	258,105	
Financial Operations	88,000	88,000	71,117	16,883	103,739	
Customer Service and Collection	333,500	315,800	256,685	59,115	396,653	

<sup>\*</sup> The contribution from unrestricted net position was not realized due to a significant excess generated from operations.

## SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

### WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

	2014 Budget	Budget After Modification	2014 Actual	Excess or (Deficit)	2013 Actual		
Expenses: (Cont'd):							
Operating Expenses: (Cont'd)							
Cost of Providing Services:							
Salaries and Wages:					<b>.</b>		
Administration Division	\$ 162,180	\$ 162,180	\$ 144,437	\$ 17,743	\$ 148,996		
Transmission and Distribution	769,000	729,000	732,631	(3,631)	749,304		
Treatment and Pumping Division	606,200	494,200	464,815	29,385	581,441		
Water Quality	146,200	150,200	151,103	(903)			
Services and Meter Division	297,000	284,500	275,990	8,510	320,324		
Field Support/Construction Division	265,000	265,000	171,564	93,436	239,123		
Other Expenses:							
Administration Division	2,340,000	2,410,000	2,121,593	288,407	1,941,696		
Transmission and Distribution	518,000	533,000	513,948	19,052	430,577		
Treatment and Pumping Division	500,000	500,000	321,225	178,775	559,345		
Water Quality	150,900	160,900	140,671	20,229			
Services and Meter Division	22,000	22,000	20,847	1,153	22,842		
Field Support/Construction Division	17,000	17,000	7,065	9,935	1,693		
Insurance and Taxes	775,000	760,000	695,020	64,980	644,052		
Total Operating Expenses	10,552,080	10,552,080	9,486,271	1,065,809	9,360,798		
Debt Service:							
Bond Principal	960,000	960,000	960,000		920,000		
Loan Principal	1,387	1,387	1,387		1,321		
Bond Interest	97,100	97,100	77,900	19,200	116,300		
Loan Interest	28,613	28,613	28,613	ŕ	28,679		
Amortization Expense	51,257	51,257	39,023	12,234	39,023		
Total Debt Service Expenses	1,138,357	1,138,357	1,106,923	31,434	1,105,323		
Depreciation Expense	2,585,936	2,585,936	1,918,231	667,705	1,822,190		
Total Costs Funded by Operating Revenue	14,276,373	14,276,373	12,511,425	1,764,948	12,288,311		
Operating Excess/(Deficit)	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 1,455,199	\$ 1,455,199	\$ 2,042,969		

### SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUE SERIAL BONDS PAYABLE

	Maturities of Bonds									
	Original		Interest Outstanding Dec. 31, 2014		Balance				Balance	
	Date	Amount	Rate	Date	Amount	Jan.1, 2014	<u>N</u>	Matured	De	c. 31, 2014
Water Revenue Refunding Bond										
Series 2010	10/05/10	\$ 4,785,000	4.00%	1/1/15	\$ 985,000					
		,	3.00%	1/1/16	250,000					
			4.00%	1/1/16	775,000	\$ 2,970,000	\$	960,000	_\$_	2,010,000
						\$ 2,970,000	\$	960,000	\$	2,010,000
			Balance Cor Short-Term Long-Term	n Portion		\$ 960,000 2,010,000	\$	25,000 (985,000)	\$	985,000 1,025,000
						\$ 2,970,000	\$	(960,000)	\$	2,010,000

GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS SECTION



Mount Arlington Corporate Center 200 Valley Road, Suite 300 Mt. Arlington, NJ 07856 973-328-1825 | 973-328-0507 Fax Lawrence Business Park 11 Lawrence Road

973-383-6699 | 973-383-6555 Fax

Newton, NJ 07860

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority Cedar Knolls, NJ

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey ("the Division"), and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise the Authority's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2015.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Southeast Morris County Municipal Utilities Authority Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mount Arlington, New Jersey March 27, 2015

NISIVOCCIA, LLP

Missimoccia, UP

Kathryn L. Mantell

Registered Municipal Accountant #447

Certified Public Accountant

## SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

#### Summary of Auditors' Results:

- The Independent Auditors' Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Authority.
- There were no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies disclosed during the audit of the financial statements as reported in the *Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards*.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Authority which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.

<u>Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are required to be Reported in Accordance with</u> Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards:

- The audit did not disclose any findings required to be reported under Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

## SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Status of Prior Year Audit Findings:

There were no prior year audit findings.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS SECTION

### SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Contracts and Agreements Required to be Advertised Per N.J.S. 40A:11-4 et seq.

N.J.S. 40A:11-3 states:

- a. "When the cost or price of any contract awarded by the contracting agent in the aggregate does not exceed in a contract year the total sum of \$17,500, the contract may be awarded by a purchasing agent when so authorized by ordinance or resolution, as appropriate to the contracting unit, of the governing body of the contracting unit without public advertising for bids, except that the governing body of any contracting unit may adopt an ordinance or resolution to set a lower threshold for the receipt of public bids or the solicitation of competitive quotations. If the purchasing agent is qualified pursuant to subsection b. of section 9 of P.L. 1071, c.198 (C.40A:11-9), the governing body of the contracting unit may establish that the bid threshold may be up to \$25,000. Such authorization may be granted for each contract or by a general delegation of the power to negotiate and award such contracts pursuant to this section.
- b. Any contract made pursuant to this section may be awarded for a period of 24 consecutive months, except that contracts for professional services pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 5 of P.L. 1971, c.198 (C.40A: 11-5) may be awarded for a period not exceeding 12 consecutive months. The Division of Local Government Services shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations concerning the methods of accounting for all contracts that do not coincide with the contracting unit's fiscal year.
- c. The Governor, in consultation with the Department of the Treasury, shall, no later than March 1 of every fifth year beginning in the fifth year after the year in which P.L.1999, c.440 takes effect, adjust the threshold amount and the higher threshold amount which the governing body is permitted to establish, as set forth in subsection a. of this section, or the threshold amount resulting from any adjustment under this subsection, in direct proportion to the rise or fall of the index rate as that term is defined in section 2 of P.L.1971, c.198 (C.40A11-2), and shall round the adjustment to the nearest \$1,000. The Governor shall, no later than June 1 of every fifth year, notify each governing body of the adjustment. The adjustment shall become effective on July 1 of the year in which it is made."

N.J.S. 40A: 11-4 states: "Every contract awarded by the contracting agent for the provision or performance of any goods or services, the cost of which in the aggregate exceeds the bid threshold, shall be awarded only by resolution of the governing body of the contracting unit to the lowest responsible bidder after public advertising for bids and bidding therefore, except as is provided otherwise in this act or specifically by any other law. The governing body of a contracting unit may, by resolution approved by a majority of the governing body and subject to subsections b. and c. of this section, disqualify a bidder who would otherwise be determined to be the lowest responsible bidder, if the governing body finds that it has had prior negative experience with the bidder."

Effective January 1, 2011 the bid threshold in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:11-3 and 40A:11-4 (as amended) is \$17,500 and with a qualified purchasing agent the threshold may be up to \$36,000.

The minutes indicated that resolutions were adopted authorizing the awarding of contracts or agreements for "Professional Services", per N.J.S. 40A:11-5.

Inasmuch as the system of records did provide for an accumulation of payments for categories for the performance of any work or the furnishing or hiring of any materials or supplies, the results of such an accumulation could not reasonably be ascertained. Disbursements were reviewed, however, to determine whether any clear-cut violations existed. None were noted.

## SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (Continued)

#### **Examination of Claims**

#### **Finding**

During our examination, we found a few instances where invoices were received prior to the placement of a purchase order.

#### Recommendation

It is recommended that an approved purchase order is prepared prior to all purchases.

#### Management's Response

Administration will reinforce the Authority's policy to obtain a purchase order prior to all purchases.

#### Status of Prior Year Findings

There were no prior year audit recommendations.

#### **Suggestions to Management:**

#### Capital Assets

The capital asset inventory has been updated annually with additions and deletions, and inventory control numbers have been assigned to all assets in the inventory report. However, inventory control tags have not been created or affixed to all moveable assets. We suggest that the Authority review the existing capital asset inventory and ensure that all moveable capital assets bear an inventory control (number) tag. The Authority is looking to purchase a software program that will also be able to electronically maintain inventory which is expected to be implemented by 2016 or beyond.

#### **Budget Transfers**

The Authority over expended three of its internal budget appropriation line items but did not over expend the consolidated line items that are contained in the budget which is submitted to NJ Division of Local Government Services, Bureau of Local Authorities. The Authority did make transfers during the year; however, certain year-end accruals caused overexpenditures. For good business practice, we suggest that the Authority authorize and obtain Board approval for budget transfers among its internal appropriation line items to cover actual expenditures.

### $\frac{\text{SOUTHEAST MORRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY}}{\text{SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS}}$

It is recommended that:

1. An approved purchase order is prepared prior to all purchases.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*